Not so long ago, many banking pundits were heralding the extinction of the human bank employee. Tellers would be replaced by bots. Digital-advisors would put financial advisors and product specialists out of work. Customer service centers would go dark as cloud-based chatbots took over the customer interaction.

Somewhat predictably, that sparked a flurry of new experimentation, investment and innovation within the financial services sector as banks, fintechs and service providers vied to beat each other to market with a new automation or bot.

Lessons were quickly learned. For example, both first-mover banks and fintechs found out that a ‘pure’ digital-advisory model simply wasn’t viable; margins were too low, customer acquisition costs were too high and few customers (particularly high-net worth ones) were willing to turn their backs on their human financial advisor for a bot.

Banks (and those in other service industries) also found it impossible to turn the lights off on their customer service centers. Bots simply didn’t have the training or access to data they needed to convincingly replace humans (particularly when those interactions were governed by strict conduct rules).

Predicting a better experience

Rather than taking the ‘all or nothing’ route, many banks are now experimenting with how automation — tied to predictive analytics — can help their human employees become more strategic and their customers enjoy a better experience.

The signs are everywhere. The shift towards ‘next best offer’ engines in product sales and financial management is perhaps the best example of this at work. Instead of blindly selling products based on generic customer segmentation models, these platforms leverage extensive customer data, machine learning and smart automation tools to allow agents and advisors to quickly guide their clients to solutions and products that suit their unique needs.

The more sophisticated engines go beyond this, scraping the entire ecosystem of customer data (both inside the organization and outside) to accurately predict when customers will need certain products and how they will want to engage with them. Instead of ‘next best offer’, they are moving to ‘next critical need’.

Everyone wins

This type of predictive augmented decision-making is cropping up everywhere. Inside the enterprise, many banks are starting to deploy bots that essentially predict the type of information their agents will need and then serve it up to them in a smart, user-friendly visualization.

At the customer level, predictive analytics and automations are being combined to deliver personal financial management tools aimed at helping customers make better financial decisions. Based on a user’s stated financial goals and leveraging application programming interfaces (APIs) and visualizations, these tools are helping customers better predict — and then respond to — their future financial needs.
Some predictive engines are being used to deliver exciting insights, particularly around customer trends and future technologies. They are also being used for much more mundane, yet important tasks such as automating the prediction of ATM downtime, branch utilization models and operational performance.

**Beyond bots**

Our view is that the measured introduction of bots and automations is just the first step on the path to smarter, more predictive banking models and solutions. And while they won’t lead to the extinction of human employees, they will lead to a major shift in perspectives — from the historical to the predictive.

The impact of that shift will be massive. Currently, much of what a bank knows about its customers comes from, for example, things like credit histories, past account activity and recent life changes. Every decision is based on an understanding of what has happened in the past.

These trends towards greater use of automation and predictive analytics, however, suggests that interactions and processes will increasingly be based on what the customer is likely to want in the future. And that will require a very different approach to everything from customer relationship management and channel development through to technology investments and product design.

**Make the most of it**

Our experience working with leading banks and fintechs suggests there are four areas where bank executives should focus if they want to help their organization move towards more predictive models.

1. **Data management:** By now, most banks are starting to get a grip on their internal data challenges. Next they will need to start thinking about how they incorporate external sources of data to achieve a much more holistic view of their customers. And that, in turn, will require banks to become more sophisticated about their data management, security and strategy.

2. **Customer experience:** Turning customer predictions into valuable interactions takes more than data and algorithms. Banks will need to focus on connecting the ‘back end’ data and automation to the ‘front end’ human interaction to ensure they are creating great customer experiences that generate positive results, both for the business and for its customers.

3. **Employee adoption:** Whether because the incentive programs are not designed to encourage innovation or simply out of fear of the unknown, employees are often resistant to the shift towards automation. In many cases, employee adoption can be encouraged by building awareness about the value these tools deliver, both to employees and clients.

4. **Innovation ecosystem:** Nobody is suggesting that banks need to build these capabilities internally. But they will need to think very carefully about how they develop their technology and data ecosystem in order to maximize value while maintaining flexibility in the market.

**Our prediction**

Over the coming year, we expect to see many of the leading banks take much more deliberate steps towards linking their automation with predictive analytics. And that, in turn, should unlock new ways of thinking about future growth, customer experience and technology investment.

To be sure, more experimentation will be required. And there will certainly be some failures. But our prediction is that customers will increasingly expect the predictive. Banks should start moving now to get ahead of their expectations.

“Our view is that the measured introduction of bots and automations is just the first step on the path to smarter, more predictive banking models and solutions.”
About the authors

Anton Ruddenklau
KPMG in the UK
E: anton.ruddenklau@kpmg.co.uk

Anton is a Partner with KPMG in the UK and Global Co-Fintech Lead for KPMG International. He specializes in business, corporate and institutional banking, and provides advice on strategy, digital innovation, growth and client development to top tier global companies, banks, infrastructure providers. Anton has also worked with large global corporates in the Consumer and Technology sectors.

Brian Dunham
KPMG in the US
E: bdunham@kpmg.com

Brian is a Principal and the Wealth and Asset Management Strategy Lead at KPMG in the US. A results-driven executive with an exceptional track record in driving transformational change for top financial services client, Brian has extensive experience in creating and executing growth strategies to financial services clients grow revenue, improve customer satisfaction, optimize processes and better manage risk.

Todd Lohr
KPMG in the US
E: tlohr@kpmg.com

Todd is a Principal within KPMG’s Technology Enabled Transformation practice, specializing in enterprise transformation, process excellence and process automation. In addition to his practice responsibilities, Todd is responsible for KPMG’s global transformation solutions, including the development of methods, accelerators and delivery platforms. Todd is a regular presenter at conferences, and guest lecturer at universities.

home.kpmg/socialmedia

Throughout this document, “we”, “KPMG”, “us” and “our” refer to the network of independent member firms operating under the KPMG name and affiliated with KPMG International or to one or more of these firms or to KPMG International.

The information contained herein is of a general nature and is not intended to address the circumstances of any particular individual or entity. Although we endeavor to provide accurate and timely information, there can be no guarantee that such information is accurate as of the date it is received or that it will continue to be accurate in the future. No one should act on such information without appropriate professional advice after a thorough examination of the particular situation.

© 2019 KPMG International Cooperative (“KPMG International”), a Swiss entity. Member firms of the KPMG network of independent firms are affiliated with KPMG International. KPMG International provides no client services. No member firm has any authority to obligate or bind KPMG International or any other member firm vis-à-vis third parties, nor does KPMG International have any such authority to obligate or bind any member firm. All rights reserved.

The KPMG name and logo are registered trademarks or trademarks of KPMG International.

Designed by Evalueserve.
Publication name: Automating the prediction
Publication number: 136473-G
Publication date: July 2019